6.23 a)
b) The original transfer function is $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{z})=1 /\left(1-\mathrm{b} \mathrm{z}^{-1}\right)$. Add two poles and zeros at $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{b}$ $e^{\ddagger j 2 \pi / 3}$. We get

$$
H(z)=\left(1+b z^{-1}+b^{2} z^{-2}\right) /\left(1-b^{3} z^{-3}\right)=\left(z^{2}+b z+b^{2}\right) /\left(z^{3}-b^{3}\right)
$$

